Green Label Testing



SETSCO is recognised by Singapore Enviornment Council (SEC) for Green Label Testing. Our advance instrumentation and well-trained, experienced staff is able to test a wide variety of products according to SEC requirement standards.

Our Scope of Testing for Products under the Singapore Green Label Scheme (SGLS) according to SEC Requirement Standards:

SGLS Categories according to SEC Requirement Standards		
SGLS Category 032	Paints & surface coatings	
SGLS Category 035	Products made from recycled / renewable fibres	
SGLS Category 039	Carpets, adhesives, carpet cushion	
SGLS Category 040	Adhesives / sealants	
SGLS Category 041	Panel boards / wallboards	
SGLS Category 042	Wall coverings	
SGLS Category 043	Made from 50% recycled content	

Our Accreditation



Accredited Laboratory Scheme Accredited Fields of Testing: - Chemical & Biological Testing (LA-1994-0068-A)







■ RoHS & Reach Compliance Testing

Our capability includes a wide range of "green tests" on electrical & electronic products components to meet European Union Regulations and "Green Procurement" requirements.

Verification to the following Standards:		
RoHS - 2002/95/EC	Azocolourants - 2002/61/EC	
US EPA - 3052, 3050B, 6010B, 3060A	Packaging & Packaging Waste	
WEEE - 2002/96/EC	- 1994 / 62 / EC	
Phthalates - 2005/84/EC	End of Life Vehicles - 2000/53/EC	

■ Hazardous Substances

Our advance instrumentation is able to detect

- Halogenated Organic Compounds (PCBs, PCNs, PCTs, PBBs, PBDEs, PVCs, C10-13, PFOA, PFOS)
- Heavy Metals (e.g. Cadium, Total Chromium, Lead, Mercury)
- Phthalates (e.g. DBP, DEHP, DEP, BBP, DNOP, DINP, DIDP)
- Volatile Oragnic Compunds (VOCs)
- Ozone Depleting Substances (CFCs, HCFCs, others)
- Others (Asbestos, Specific Benzotriazole, Red Phosphrous, Specific Organic Tin Compounds, Azo dye, etc)

Green Label Testing

Our Instrumentation



GC/MS is the combination of two analytical methods into versatile tecnique for the identification of complex volatile materials useful in the analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs).



■ Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-OES)

ICP-MS and ICP-OES are techniques used for analysing the concentration of metallic elements (heavy metals such as Pb, Cd, Hg) in green products. This high sensitivity analysis is able to detect up to parts per trillion level or better. Sold samples are digested in appropriate acids formulatin to produce a solution for analysis. This sample solution is often diluted in water to obtain a final specimen suitable for analysis.



IC is the seperation and quantitative analysis of anions and cations in ionic solution using the ion exchange method of liquid chormatography (LC). The chormatographic process seperates the different ions within the sample. The amount of anion/cation is measured by the change in conductivity as the species passes through the detecor.

■ Liquid Chromatography / Mass Spectrometry (LC/MS)

LC/MS is the marriage of two analytical methods into versatile technique for the identification of complex organic materials. Liquid chromatography (LC) effectively separates the different constituents of the sample for the subsequent analysis and identification by mass spectrometry (MS). LC/MS is very sensitive in Organic Compound analysis for APEOs, PFOAs and surfactants.



